

## Derivation of Rate law

The rate law for the suggested plan can be elucidated in the following manner:

$$\text{Rate of Reaction} = - \frac{d [\text{DPC}]}{dt} = k [\text{Complex}][\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2 (\text{H}_2\text{IO}_6)] \quad (1)$$

Equations 7, 8, and 9 were used to produce,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rate of Reaction} &= - \frac{d [\text{DPC}]}{dt} \\ &= \frac{kK_1K_2K_3[\text{L-leucine}]_F[\text{Ru(III)}]_F[\text{DPC}]_F[\text{OH}^-]_F}{[\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}]} \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

The entirety of the [DPC] can be represented as follows,

$$\begin{aligned} [\text{DPC}]_T &= [\text{DPC}]_F + [\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2 (\text{H}_2\text{IO}_6)] + [\text{Cu} (\text{H}_2\text{IO}_6)(\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6)^{2-}] \\ [\text{DPC}]_T &= [\text{DPC}]_F + K_1[\text{DPC}]_F[\text{OH}^-] + \frac{K_1K_2[\text{DPC}]_F[\text{OH}^-]}{[\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}]} \\ [\text{DPC}]_F &= \frac{[\text{DPC}]_T [\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}]}{[\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}] + K_1[\text{OH}^-][\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}] + K_1K_2[\text{OH}^-]} \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

In a comparable manner, the overall [Ru(III)] can be expressed as,

$$\begin{aligned} [\text{Ru(III)}]_T &= [\text{Ru(III)}]_F + [\text{Ru(III) in Complex}] \\ [\text{Ru(III)}]_T &= [\text{Ru(III)}]_F + K_3 [\text{L-leucine}] [\text{Ru(III)}]_F \\ [\text{Ru(III)}]_F &= \frac{[\text{Ru(III)}]_T}{1 + K_3[\text{L-leucine}]} \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

Given the low concentrations of DPC and  $\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}$ , it is reasonable to consider,

$$[\text{L-leucine}]_T = [\text{L-leucine}]_F, \text{ and } [\text{OH}^-]_T = [\text{OH}^-]_F$$

In light of the aforementioned condition and by employing Equations 3 and 4, Equation 2 is reformulated into Equation 5,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rate} &= \frac{kK_1K_2K_3 [\text{L-leucine}] [\text{Ru(III)}] [\text{DPC}] [\text{OH}^-]}{[\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}] + K_1[\text{OH}^-][\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}] + K_1K_2[\text{OH}^-] + K_3[\text{L-leucine}][\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}] + K_1K_3[\text{L-leucine}][\text{OH}^-][\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}] + K_1K_2K_3[\text{L-leucine}][\text{OH}^-]} \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

Considering the low concentrations of periodate and L-leucine employed in this work, we can disregard  $K_3[\text{L-leucine}][\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}]$ , and  $K_1K_3[\text{L-leucine}][\text{OH}^-][\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}]$ ; thus, the rate law will be,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rate} &= \frac{kK_1K_2K_3 [\text{L-leucine}] [\text{Ru(III)}] [\text{DPC}] [\text{OH}^-]}{[\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}] + K_1[\text{OH}^-][\text{H}_3\text{IO}_6^{2-}] + K_1K_2[\text{OH}^-] + K_1K_2K_3[\text{L-leucine}][\text{OH}^-]} \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

The mentioned rate law delineates the entirety of the recorded kinetic order concerning various reaction parameters.