



**Fig. S2 Relationships between Shannon and biophysiochemical factors in lakes and reservoirs based on generalized additive models (GAM). a** Water samples. **b** Sediment samples. The shadings are at the 95% confidence intervals. In figure (a), the abscissa unit is: T (temperature, °C), TP (total phosphorus, mg/L),  $NH_4^+-N$  (ammonia nitrogen, mg/L), TN (total nitrogen, mg/L),  $NO_3^--N$  (nitrate nitrogen, mg/L), DO (dissolved oxygen, mg/L), conductivity ( $\mu S/cm$ ), chlorophylla ( $\mu g/L$ ), and  $NO_2^--N$  (nitrate nitrogen, mg/L). In figure (b), the abscissa unit is T (temperature, °C), TP (total phosphorus, mg/g),  $NH_4^+-N$  (ammonia nitrogen, mg/g), TN (total nitrogen, mg/g),  $NO_3^--N$  (nitrate nitrogen, mg/g), and  $NO_2^--N$  (nitrate nitrogen, mg/g). \* $0.01 < p < 0.05$ , \*\* $0.001 < p \leq 0.01$ , and \*\*\* $p \leq 0.001$ .